Human helth and light

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Syrjävaara Good Night Oy



GLOW2.0





SGO UNIVERSITY OF OULU

Northern Periphery and Arctic



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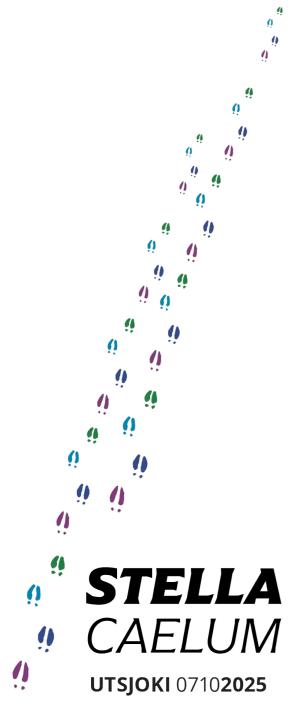
LED LIGHTS

- White LED light is formed from red, green, and blue components
- LEDs lamps are divided into two main groups, each with different applications and effects.
- LEDs with a color temperature maximum 3000 Kelvin are recommended for all lighting, indoors and outdoors.
- LEDs with a color temperature of over 3000 Kelvin are marketed for industrial, office and public lighting

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HOME AND PRIVATE LIGHTING

- 3000 Kelvin is considered the threshold below which light has little effect on the human physiological system.
- They have a lower amount of blue wavelength than daylight LEDs.



OFFICE AND INDUSTRIAL LIGHTING

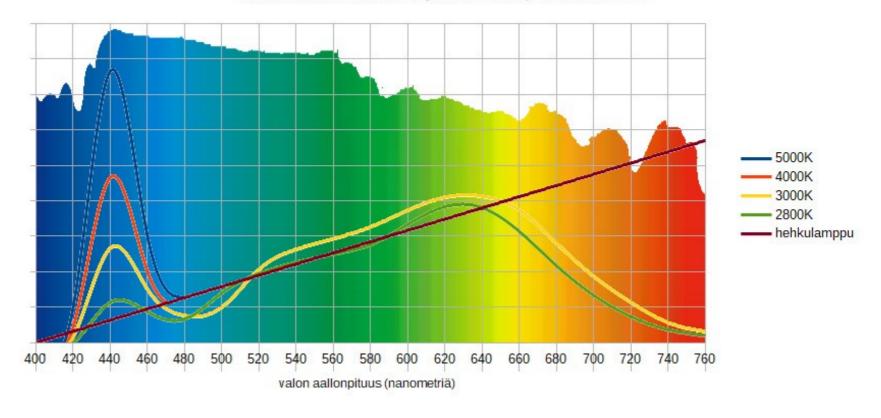
- Daylight lamps are for industrial, workplace, office, retail and public lighting.
- The main purpose is to manipulate the human physiological system.
- The color temperatures of the lamps are over 3000
 Kelvin up to 6000 Kelvin.

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Spectrum of LED compared with the Sun and incandescent lamp

LED -lampun spektri verrattuna aurinkoon ja hehkulamppuun

sinisen valon määrän lisääntyminen värilämpötilan noustessa



STELLA

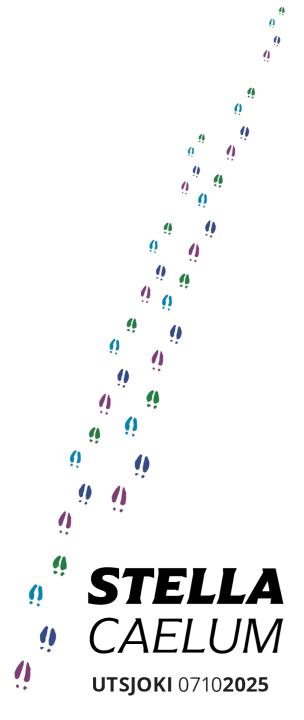
THE MAIN USES OF DAYLIGHT LAMPS ARE

- 1. Shifting the circadian rhythm
- 2. Extending and strengthening the activity period
- 3. Prevent the sleep phase
- The effect of daylight lamps is based on the blue wavelengths that prevent the secretion of the hormone melatonin.1

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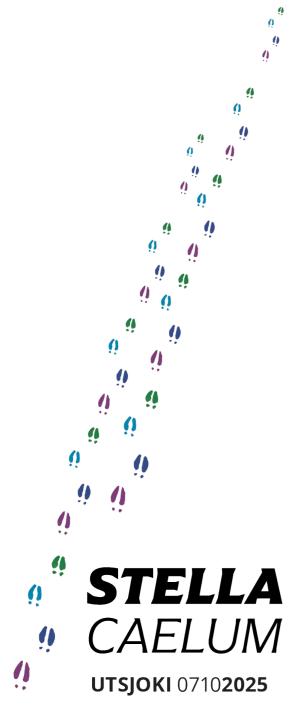
MANIPULATING CIRCADIAN RYTHM

- The recommended lighting is a vertical illuminance of 254 lux at a color temperature of 5000 Kelvin.
- The threshold value of little effect on the physiological system is only about 30 lux.



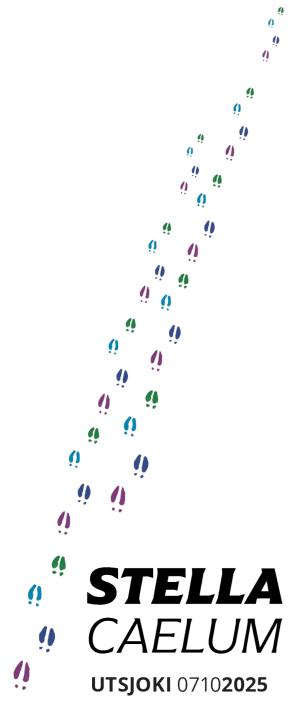
The human physiological circadian rhythm works best

- when there is a clear difference between daylight and darkness at night.
- Daylight LEDs can be used to amplify weak and insufficient daylight at autumn and winter.
- Mortality is reduced by 17-34 percent compared to those who live their days in darkness.2



Light is the most important controller of the circadian rhythm.

- In the evening and at night, light greatly increases morbidity and mortality.
- 3-5 lux of light in the bedroom increase the risk of diabetes in older people.3
- Exposure to artificial light at night is reflected in a person's blood count within two days.



Light is the most important controller of the circadian rhythm.

- differences are clear when comparing people who live in a natural light-dark cycle with those who are exposed to artificial light throughout the night:
- People exposed to artificial light all night have a 28% higher risk of diabetes and a 34% higher mortality rate.2
- In women shift work, breast cancer increases by 134-166 percent.4

REFERENCES

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